

Using dlt to move data from DuckDB to ClickHouse® From Pocket Calculator to Kubernetes in Prod

Introductions

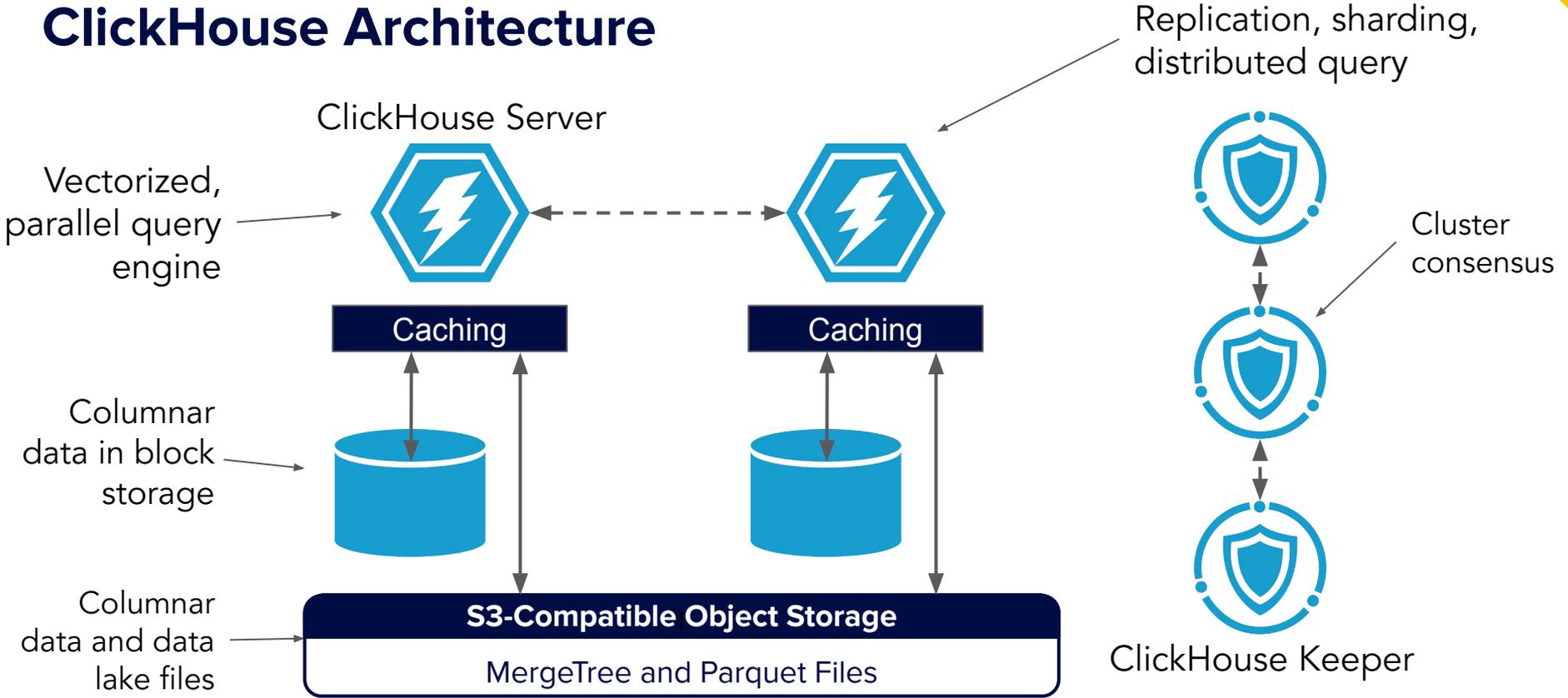


Josh Lee
*Open Source
Advocate @ Altinity*



Elvis Kahoro
DevX @ dlthub

ClickHouse Architecture





ALTINITY®

Run Open Source ClickHouse® Better

Altinity.Cloud Enterprise Support

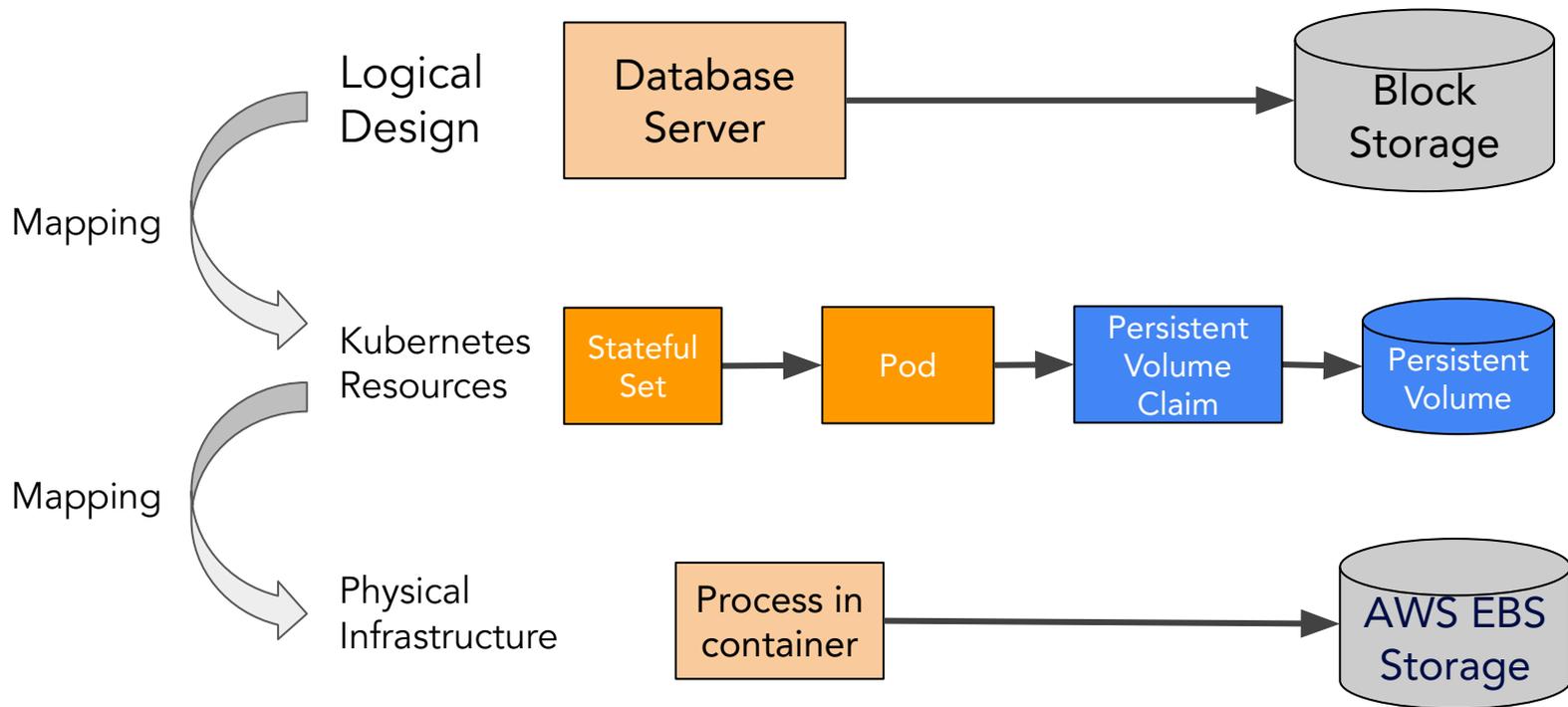
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Altinity is not affiliated with or associated with ClickHouse, Inc.

Altinity Cloud (Managed, BYOC, BYOK)

The screenshot displays the Altinity Cloud management interface. At the top, the Altinity logo and 'AltinityCloud' are visible on the left, and a 'REVOKE ACCESS' button, the current user 'altinity-antalya', and the user name 'Robert Hodges' are on the right. Below the header is a navigation bar with buttons for 'CLUSTER', 'SWARM', 'DISCOVER', 'IMPORT', and 'TOOLS'. To the right of this bar are 'INVITE' and menu icons. A vertical sidebar on the left contains various navigation icons. The main content area features three cluster cards:

- my-clickhouse (dev)** (dev):
 - Status: 1/1 nodes online, 7/7 checks passed
 - Connection Details: Green checkmark, Red warning triangle
 - Type: m8g.xlarge (CPU x4, RA...)
 - Shards: 1
 - Replicas: 1
 - Storage: 350 GiB / node
 - Version: 25.8.16.20001.altinity...
 - Backup: n/a
 - Buttons: CONFIGURE, EXPLORE, ACTIONS
- my-swarm (swarm)** (swarm):
 - Status: 2/2 nodes online, 4/4 checks passed
 - Connection Details: Green checkmark, Red warning triangle
 - Type: m8g.xlarge (CPU x4, RAM...)
 - Nodes: 2
 - Storage: 50 GiB / node
 - Version: 25.8.16.20001.altinity...
 - Backup: n/a
 - Buttons: CONFIGURE, EXPLORE, ACTIONS
- my-swarm-ba... (swarm)** (swarm):
 - Status: stopped, 0/4 checks passed
 - Connection Details: Green checkmark, Red warning triangle
 - Type: c8g.2xlarge (CPU x8, RA...)
 - Nodes: 2
 - Storage: 50 GiB / node
 - Version: 25.8.12.20747.altinity...
 - Backup: n/a
 - Buttons: CONFIGURE, EXPLORE, ACTIONS

The Altinity Operator for ClickHouse



TRUSTED BY



6M+

PyPi Downloads

8,000+

OSS companies in
production

600+

Snowflake customers in
production

OPEN SOURCE

pip install dlt and go

dlt (data load tool) is the most popular production-ready open source Python library for moving data. It loads data from various and often messy data sources into well-structured, live datasets.

Unlike other non-Python solutions, with dlt library, there's no need to use any backends or containers. We do not replace your data platform, deployments, or security models. Simply import it into your favorite AI code editor, or add it to your Jupyter Notebook. You can load data from any source that produces Python data structures, including APIs, files, databases, and more.

Get started

Cloud storage or files

REST APIs

SQL databases

Python data structures

```
from dlt.sources.sql_database import sql_database

source = sql_database(
    "mysql+pymysql://rfamro@mysql-rfam-public.ebi.ac.uk:4497/Rfam"
)

pipeline = dlt.pipeline(
    pipeline_name="sql_database_example",
    destination="duckdb",
    dataset_name="sql_data",
)

pipeline.run(source)
```

Data loading - Examples

REST API >> BigQuery

Salesforce / Hubspot / CRM >> Snowflake - [RevOps](#)

SQL Source

Snowflake (subset) >> Local (DuckDB) - [exploration](#)

Local (DuckDB) >> Snowflake staging - [test before commit](#)

Filesystem (S3 / local)

CSV, JSONL, Parquet >> Iceberg - [backups / archive](#)

Custom sources

Source



Destination



DuckDB



drant



Weaviate



amazon REDSHIFT



Google BigQuery



Microsoft SQL Server



PostgreSQL



dremio



MotherDuck



ClickHouse



snowflake



databricks



amazon ATHENA



amazon S3



Azure Synapse Analytics

dlt.Hub

Open Source

Extract

Normalize

Load

Alternatives - Managed data platform

Expensive

- Pay per row
- Extra for faster syncs i.e. 15m >> 1m
- Connectors
 - Extra for access to enterprise connectors
 - 25 connectors make up 90% of revenue

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Rigid

- Subject to the limits and config of the platform

Privacy & data governance

- PII - Fintech, Health, etc.

Alternatives - Custom Python scripts

Inevitably need workarounds when

- Missing connector
- Need more control

Engineers start building custom pipelines

- Just want to solve a problem or answer a question

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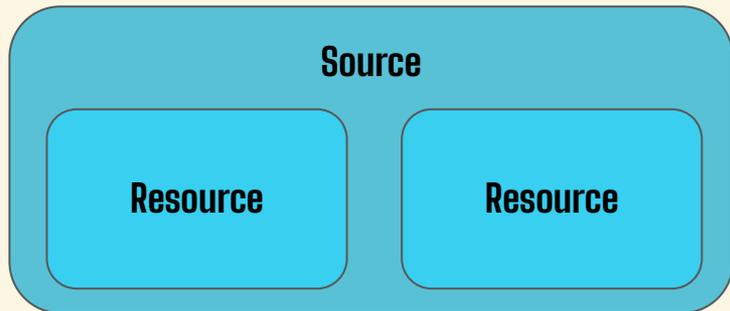
Engineers start building custom pipelines

- Just want to solve a problem or answer a question
- Not interested in building a data platform
 - Data normalization
 - Schema evolution
 - Data contracts
 - Incremental loading
 - Execution engine and infrastructure > Spark, Kubernetes
- FAANG >> Platform teams >> What about the rest of us?

dltHub - How

```
p = dlt.pipeline(  
    pipeline_name="9zero_demo",  
    destination="snowflake",  
    dataset_name="dataset",  
)  
  
p.run(data_source())
```

A pipeline sends a **source** to a **destination**



```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.DataFrame({
    "order_id": [1, 2, 3],
    "customer_id": [1, 2, 3],
    "order_amount": [100.0, 200.0, 300.0],
})

p = dlt.pipeline("orders_pipeline", destination="snowflake")
p.run(df, table_name="orders")
```

DataFrames

- Passed in directly
- Pandas, Polars + Arrow

```
import dlt
from dlt.sources.filesystem import filesystem, read_parquet

filesystem_resource = filesystem(
    bucket_url="s3://my-bucket/files",
    file_glob="**/*.parquet",
    incremental=dlt.sources.incremental("modification_date")
)
filesystem_pipe = filesystem_resource | read_parquet()

# We load the data into the table_name table
p = dlt.pipeline(pipeline_name="my_pipeline", destination="duckdb")
p.run(filesystem_pipe.with_name("table_name"))
```

Filesystem

- bucket_url which can be local
- Configure what column to use as our incremental variable
- JSONL, CSV, Parquet

```
def github_rest_api_source(access_token: str = dlt.secrets.value):  
    """Define dlt resources from REST API endpoints."""  
    config: RESTAPIConfig = {  
        "client": {  
            "base_url": "https://api.github.com",  
            "auth": {},  
            "headers": {},  
        },  
        "resource_defaults": {  
            "endpoint": {  
                "params": {  
                    "per_page": 30,  
                },  
            },  
        },  
        "resources": [  
            {  
                "name": "issues",  
                "endpoint": {  
                    "path": "/repos/warpcdotdev/warp/issues",  
                    "method": "GET",  
                },  
            },  
        ],  
    }  
    yield from rest_api_resources(config)
```

REST API

- Client
- Params
- Resources
 - Name
 - Path
 - Method

DEMO

```
~/Documents/elviskahoro/9Zero (7.999s)
```

```
dlt init dlthub:github duckdb
```

```
dlt will generate useful project rules tailored to your assistant/IDE.  
Press Enter to accept the default (cursor), or type a name: cursor ①  
Initializing pipeline github_pipeline.py, adding cursor rules, code snippets and docs for github source.  
Do you want to proceed? [Y/n]: Y ②
```

```
Your new pipeline github is ready to be customized!
```

```
* Review and change how dlt loads your data in github_pipeline.py
```

```
* Add credentials for duckdb and other secrets to ./.dlt/secrets.toml
```

```
* requirements.txt was created. Install it with:
```

```
pip3 install -r requirements.txt
```

```
* Read https://dlthub.com/docs/walkthroughs/create-a-pipeline for more information
```

```
Looking up IDE rules and configuration https://github.com/dlt-hub/verified-sources.git...
```

```
This command and rule-set is a work in progress. Currently we provide rules specific to one workflow:
```

```
creating REST API sources and pipeline from legacy code, OpenAPI specs, REST API documentation but also from scratch.
```

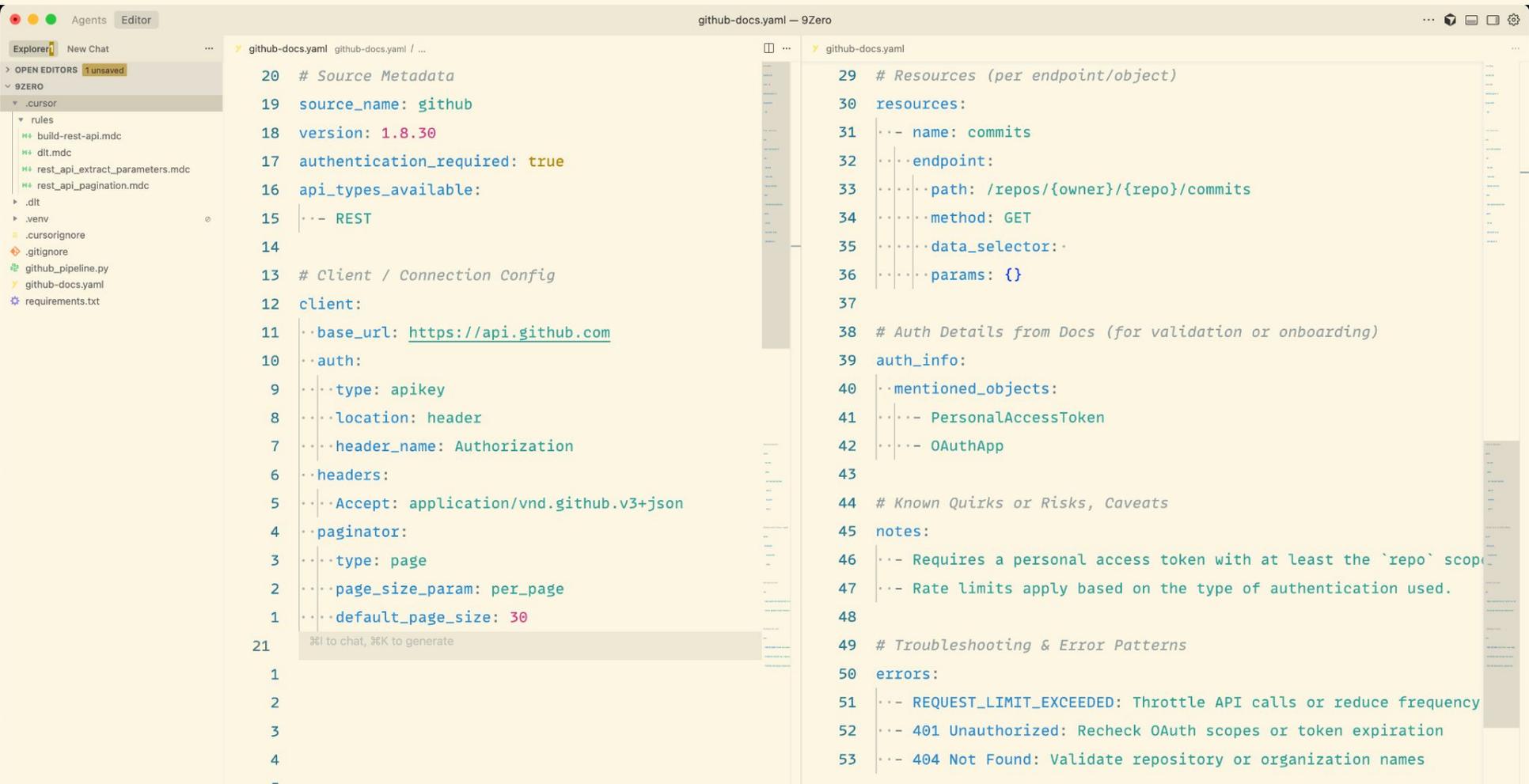
```
5 file(s) supporting cursor were copied.
```

③

```
Looking up in dltHub for rules, docs and snippets for github...
```

```
1 file(s) supporting github were copied:
```

```
github-docs.yaml ④
```



```
20 # Source Metadata
19 source_name: github
18 version: 1.8.30
17 authentication_required: true
16 api_types_available:
15 | -- REST
14
13 # Client / Connection Config
12 client:
11 | ·base_url: https://api.github.com
10 | ·auth:
9 | | ·type: apikey
8 | | ·location: header
7 | | ·header_name: Authorization
6 | ·headers:
5 | | ·Accept: application/vnd.github.v3+json
4 | ·paginator:
3 | | ·type: page
2 | | ·page_size_param: per_page
1 | | ·default_page_size: 30
21 | | to chat, ⌘K to generate
1
2
3
4

29 # Resources (per endpoint/object)
30 resources:
31 | -- name: commits
32 | | ·endpoint:
33 | | | ·path: /repos/{owner}/{repo}/commits
34 | | | ·method: GET
35 | | | ·data_selector: ·
36 | | | ·params: {}
37
38 # Auth Details from Docs (for validation or onboarding)
39 auth_info:
40 | ·mentioned_objects:
41 | | -- PersonalAccessToken
42 | | -- OAuthApp
43
44 # Known Quirks or Risks, Caveats
45 notes:
46 | -- Requires a personal access token with at least the `repo` scope
47 | -- Rate limits apply based on the type of authentication used.
48
49 # Troubleshooting & Error Patterns
50 errors:
51 | -- REQUEST_LIMIT_EXCEEDED: Throttle API calls or reduce frequency
52 | -- 401 Unauthorized: Recheck OAuth scopes or token expiration
53 | -- 404 Not Found: Validate repository or organization names
```

```
def github_rest_api_source(access_token: str = dlt.secrets.value):
    """Define dlt resources from REST API endpoints."""
    config: RESTAPIConfig = {
        "client": {
            # TODO set base URL for the REST API
            "base_url": "https://example.com/v1/",
            # TODO configure the right authentication method or remove
            "base_url": "https://api.github.com",
            "auth": {
                "type": "api_key",
                "name": "Authorization",
                "api_key": access_token,
                "location": "header",
            },
            "headers": {
                "Accept": "application/vnd.github.v3+json",
            },
            "resource_defaults": {
                "endpoint": {
                    "params": {
                        "per_page": 30,
                    },
                    "paginator": {
                        "type": "page_number",
                    },
                },
            },
            "resources": [
                # TODO define resources per endpoint
                {
                    "name": "issues",
                    "endpoint": {
                        "path": "/repos/warpcoddev/warp/issues",
                        "method": "GET",
                    },
                },
            ],
        },
        # set `resource_defaults` to apply to all endpoints
    }
```

Build a dlt pipeline that pulls github issue data for warpcoddev/warp into duckdb into the github_pipeline.py use this as context for the github api [github-docs.yaml](#)

```
github_pipeline.py +29 -6
"client": {
    # TODO set base URL for the REST API
    "base_url": "https://example.com/v1/",
    # TODO configure the right authentication method
    "auth": {"type": "bearer", "token": access_token
```

Thought for 2s
No linter errors found
Thought for 1s
Updated `github_pipeline.py` to define a GitHub REST source that pulls `warpcoddev/warp` issues into DuckDB, using the auth/header/pagination details from `github-docs.yaml`, and enabled `dev_mode=True` plus `progress="log"` on the pipeline.

- Details:
- Configured GitHub client with `base_url`, `Authorization` header auth, and `Accept` header.
 - Set page-based pagination defaults (`page_number`) and `per_page: 30`, then added the single `issues` resource with the repo path.
- Notes:
- `access_token` is sent as the value of the `Authorization` header, so set your secret accordingly in `dlt/secrets.toml`.

If you want, I can add incremental loading for issues once we confirm the exact filter parameter and cursor field from your GitHub docs.

~ 1 File Undo Keep Review
github_pipeline.py +29 -6

Browse over 10,100 LLM-native scaffoldings for dlt pipelines

Filter By

Category

- CRM & Sales
- Customer Support
- Operations & Logistics
- Project Management
- Marketing & Email
- E-commerce & Payments
- Communication & Messaging
- Analytics & Tracking
- Social Media & Advertising
- Development & DevOps
- HR & Workforce Management
- Cloud Services & Infrastructure
- Finance & Accounting

Clear All Filters

Q Search LLM-native scaffoldings...

< 1 2 3 ... 6 >

Showing 1-9 of 47 results



Activecampaign

API Overview

Source



Affinity

Introduction – Affinity API Reference

Source



AgileCRM

Source



Apptivo

Source



Avid CRM

Avid CRM API Documentation

Source



Capsule - crm

Capsule API - Capsule API

Source

dltHub - How

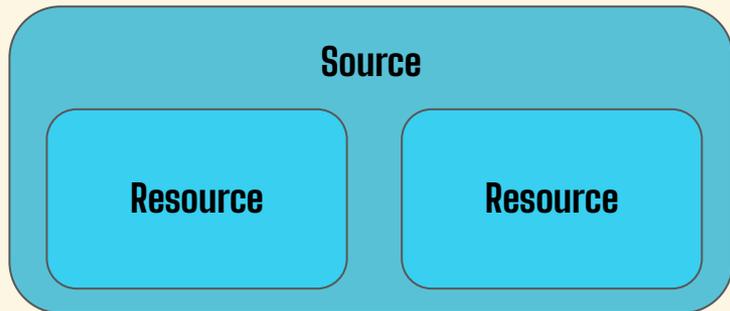
```
@dlt.resource
def customers():
    ..."""Iterate over customers in CRM"""
    ...yield from get_customers()
```

```
@dlt.resource
def companies():
    ..."""Iterate over companies in CRM"""
    ...yield from get_companies()
```

```
@dlt.source
def crm():
    ..."""Entities registered in CRM"""
    ...return [customers(), companies()]
```

A **resource** is the unit of data input

A **source** is a logical grouping of **resources**



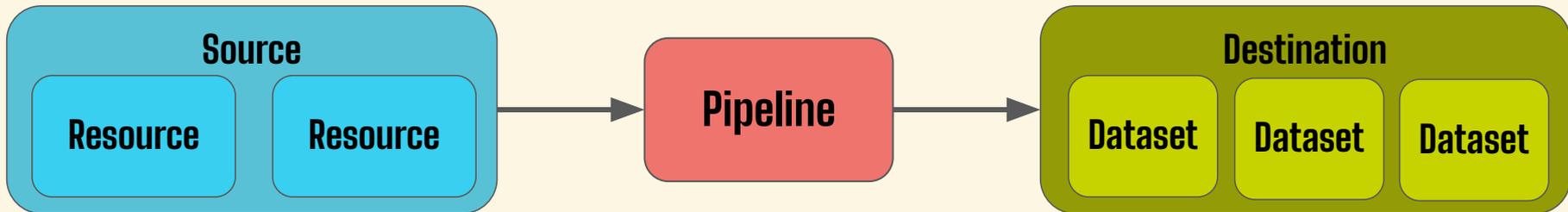
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```

A **resource** is the unit of data input

A **source** is a logical grouping of **resources**

A **pipeline** sends a **source** to a **destination**



Thank you!

Questions?



<https://altinity.com/slack>



<https://dub.sh/dlthub-education>



<https://dub.sh/dlthub-slack>