

INTRODUCTION TO THE MYSTERIES OF

by Robert Hodges



Quick Introduction to Altinity

- Premier provider of software and services for ClickHouse
 - Enterprise support for ClickHouse and ecosystem projects
 - ClickHouse Feature Development (Geohashing, codecs, tiered storage, log cleansing...)
 - Software (Kubernetes, cluster manager, tools & utilities)
 - POCs/Training
- Main US/Europe sponsor of ClickHouse community

Introduction to ClickHouse

Understands SQL

Runs on bare metal to cloud

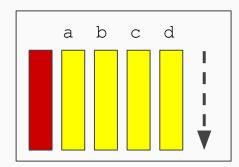
Stores data in columns

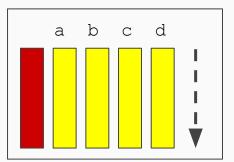
Parallel and vectorized execution

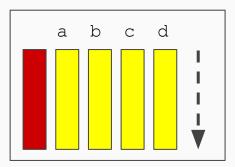
Scales to many petabytes

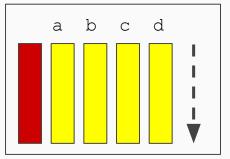
Is Open source (Apache 2.0)

Is WAY fast!





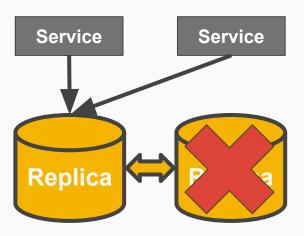




Replication Concepts

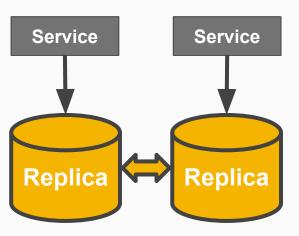
Replication is fundamental to distributed data

High Availability



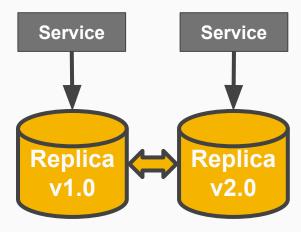
Keep going if a node fails

Load Scaling



Spread traffic across nodes

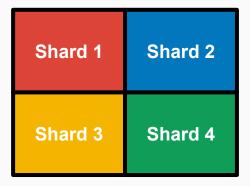
Migration/Upgrade



Upgrade node version or resources

Replication is different from sharding

Sharded



Data sharded 4 ways without replication

Replicated

Replica 1	Replica 2
Replica 3	Replica 4

Data replicated 4 times without sharding

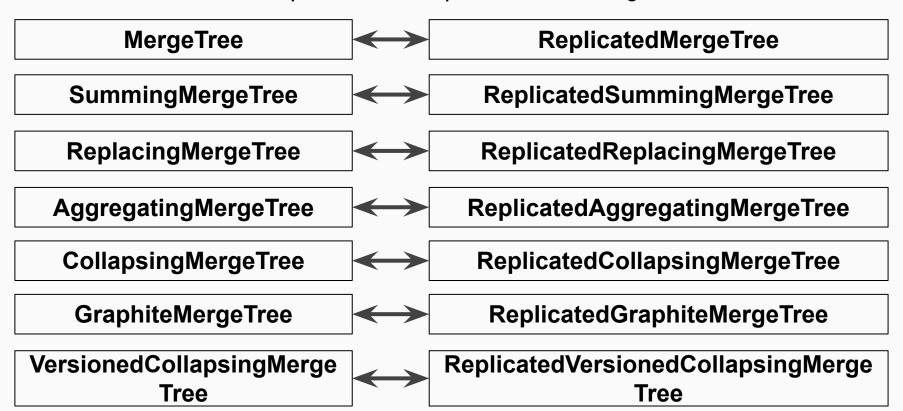
Sharded and Replicated

Shard 1	Shard 2
Replica 1	Replica 1
Shard 1	Shard 2
Replica 2	Replica 2

Data sharded 2 ways and replicated 2 times

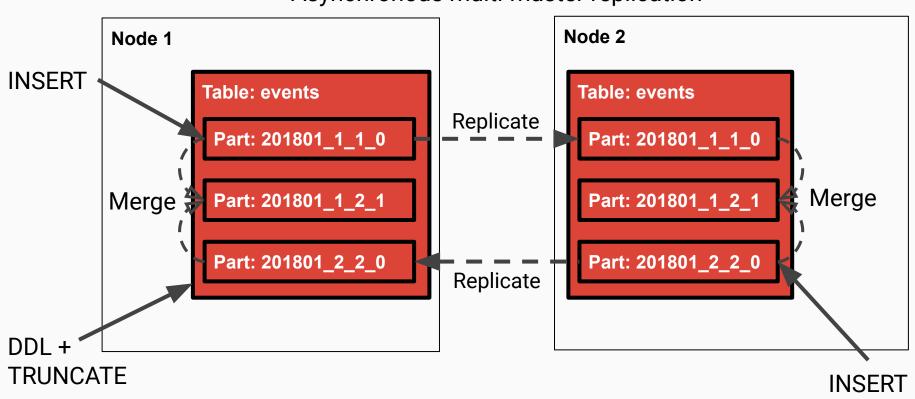
Clickhouse replication extends MergeTree

Non-Replicated vs. Replicated Table Engines



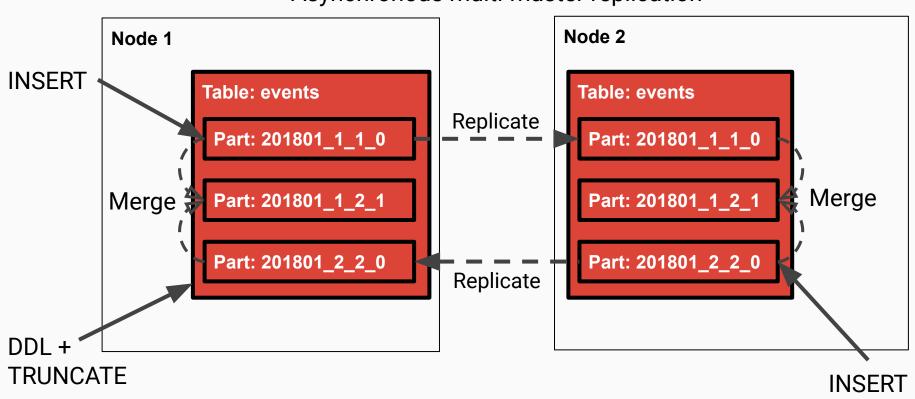
Replication works on a per-table basis

Asynchronous multi-master replication



Replication works on a per-table basis

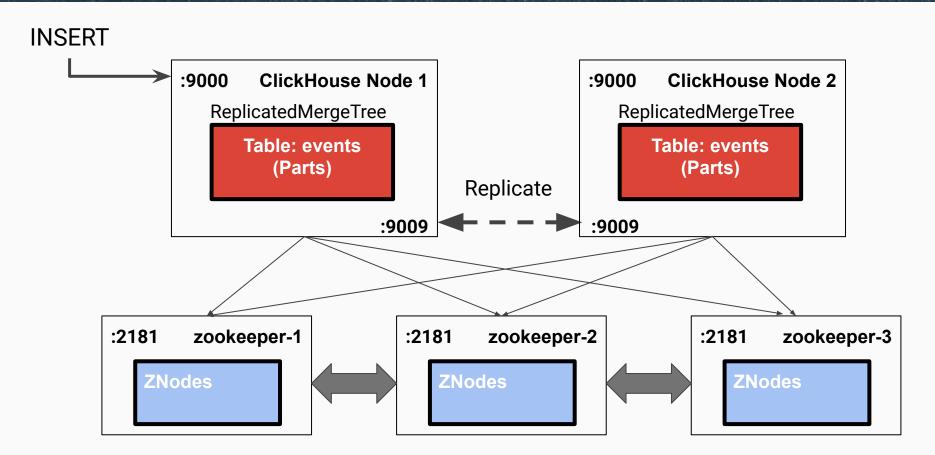
Asynchronous multi-master replication



Zookeeper stores state of replicas

:2181 zookeeper-1 **Distributed DDL queue** /clickhouse/.../task_queue/ddl-Table descriptions /clickhouse/.../metadata **Leader for merges** /clickhouse/.../columns /clickhouse/.../leader election Log of actions /clickhouse/.../log **Replicas including parts** /clickhouse/.../replicas -/clickhouse/.../blocks -**Block checksums for** deduplication

Clickhouse and Zookeeper implementation



Replication Setup

Replication and sharding in action

Getting started

1. Install Clickhouse servers

```
version="19.11.3.11"
sudo apt-get install \
    clickhouse-common-static=$version \
    clickhouse-client=$version \
    clickhouse-server=$version
```

2. Install Zookeeper on at least on 1 additional server (More later)

```
sudo apt-get install zookeeper
```

Clusters define sharding and replication layouts

```
/etc/clickhouse-server/config.d/remote servers.xml:
```

```
<yandex>
  <remote servers>
    <ShardedAndReplicated>
      <shard>
        <replica><host>10.0.0.71</host><port>9000</port></replica>
        <replica><host>10.0.0.72</host><port>9000</port></replica>
        <internal replication>true</internal replication>
      </shard>
      <shard>
      </shard>
    </ShardedAndReplicated>
  </remote servers>
</yandex>
```

Use ZK-based internal replication; otherwise, distributed table sends **INSERTS** to all replicas

Macros enable consistent DDL over a cluster

/etc/clickhouse-server/config.d/macros.xml:

Zookeeper tag defines servers and task queue

/etc/clickhouse-server/config.d/zookeeper.xml:

Clickhouse restart required after Zookeeper config changes

Restart and create tables

```
systematl restart clickhouse-server # on all servers
CREATE TABLE events local ON CLUSTER '{cluster}' (
 EventDate DateTime, CounterID UInt32, UserID UInt32)
ENGINE =
ReplicatedMergeTree('/clickhouse/{cluster}/test/tables/events local/{shard}',
'{replica}')
PARTITION BY toYYYYMM (EventDate)
ORDER BY (CounterID, EventDate, intHash32(UserID))
CREATE TABLE events ON CLUSTER '{cluster}'
AS test.events local
ENGINE = Distributed('{cluster}', 'test', 'events local', rand())
```

Start adding data!

INSERT via distributed table

INSERT INTO events(EventDate, CounterID, UserID) VALUES (now(), 1, 2), (now(), 2, 2)

INSERT INTO events_local(EventDate, CounterID, UserID) VALUES (now(), 1, 2), (now(), 2, 2)

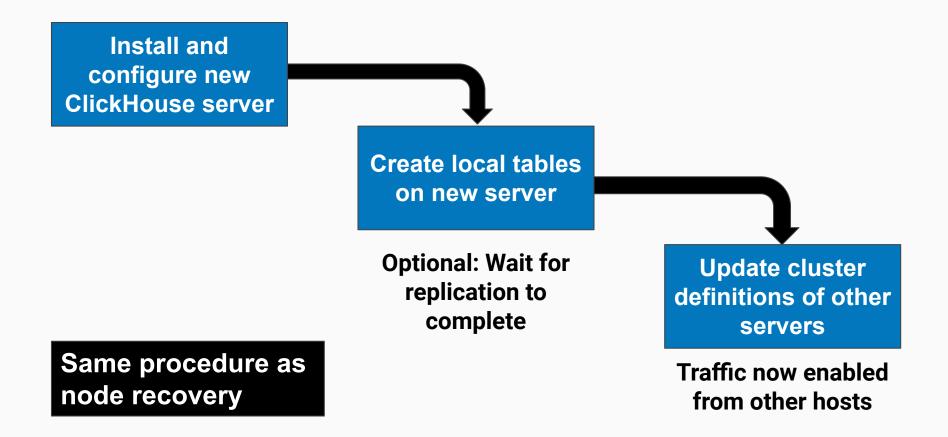
INSERT directly into replicated table

Standard Lifecycle Procedures

SQL Commands and Replication

Command	Replicated?	ON CLUSTER?	Notes
CREATE TABLE	No	Yes	Creates ZK path for table
DROP TABLE	No	Yes	Deletes ZK path for table
SELECT	No	No	Use distributed table to apply across shards
INSERT	Yes	No	Use distributed table to apply across shards
ALTER TABLE	Yes	Yes	
OPTIMIZE TABLE	Yes	Yes	
TRUNCATE TABLE	Yes	Yes	
CREATE DATABASE	No	Yes	
DROP DATABASE	No	Yes	Deletes ZK path for all tables in database

Adding a new node to cluster



Adding a new node, STEP 1

-- Create local replicated table.

```
CREATE TABLE events local (
 EventDate DateTime, CounterID UInt32, UserID UInt32)
ENGINE =
ReplicatedMergeTree('/clickhouse/{cluster}/test/tables/events local/{shard}',
'{replica}')
PARTITION BY toYYYYMM (EventDate)
ORDER BY (CounterID, EventDate, intHash32(UserID))
-- Create distributed table.
CREATE TABLE events
AS test.events local
ENGINE = Distributed('ShardedAndReplicated', 'test', 'events local', rand())
```

Adding a new node, STEP 2

```
/etc/clickhouse-server/config.d/remote servers.xml:
<yandex>
 <remote servers>
    <ShardedAndReplicated>
      <shard>
        <replica><host>10.0.0.71</host><port>9000</port></replica>
        <replica><host>10.0.0.72</host><port>9000</port></replica>
      </shard>
      <shard> . . </shard>
    </ShardedAndReplicated>
    <Sharded>
<shard><replica><host>10.0.0.71</host><port>9000</port></replica></shard>
     <shard><replica><host>10.0.0.72</host><port>9000</port></replica></shard>
    <Sharded>
  </remote servers>
</vandex>
```

Removing a node from cluster

Remove node from other cluster configs

Stops traffic from other nodes

0

Do not clean up Zookeeper by hand!

drop table test.events_local
 (OR)
drop database test

Delete replicated tables

Removes Zookeeper data

Discard node/stop
ClickHouse

(Optional)

Changing table schema

Use replicated cluster

```
-- Change a replicated table

ALTER TABLE events_local ON CLUSTER ShardedAndReplicated

ADD COLUMN Extra String DEFAULT 'nothing'
```

-- Change a distributed table

ALTER TABLE events ON CLUSTER **Sharded** ADD COLUMN Extra String

Use non-replicated cluster

Managing data and partitions

Clear all data in a base table across cluster.

TRUNCATE TABLE events_local ON CLUSTER ShardedAndReplicated

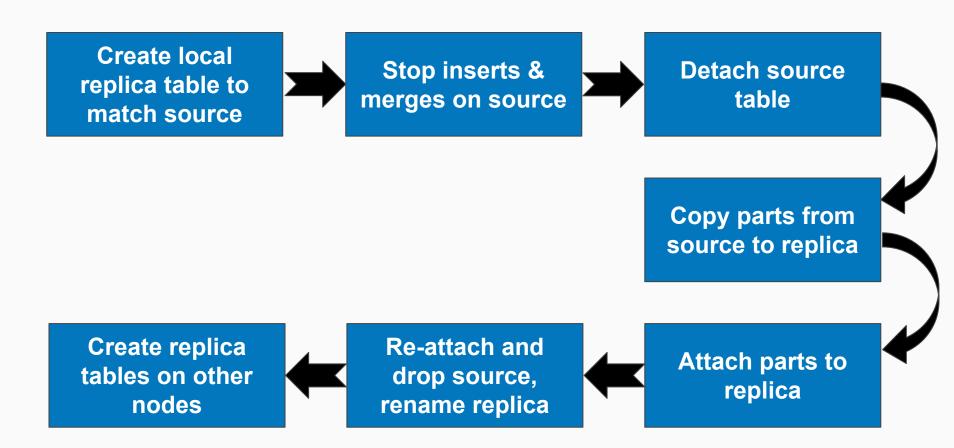
Drop partition for a single shard or for entire cluster.

```
    Drop only on this shard (removes on all replicas)
    ALTER TABLE events_local
    DROP PARTITION 201907
    Drop on cluster (removes on all shards and all replicas)
    ALTER TABLE events_local ON CLUSTER ShardedAndReplicated
    DROP PARTITION 201907
```

Resync/recover replicated table contents

```
(Run SHOW CREATE TABLE locally or on another node)
-- Drop local table and clean up Zookeeper
DROP TABLE events local
-- Recreate, which automatically fetches data from replica.
CREATE TABLE test.events local (
    `EventDate` DateTime,
    `CounterID` UInt32,
    `UserID` UInt32)
ENGINE =
ReplicatedMergeTree('/clickhouse/{cluster}/test/tables/events/{shard}',
'{replica}')
PARTITION BY toYYYYMM (EventDate)
ORDER BY (CounterID, EventDate, intHash32(UserID))
SETTINGS index granularity = 8192
```

Adding an unreplicated table to replication



Adding existing table to replication, STEP 1

-- Create a replicated version of source merge_tree table

```
CREATE TABLE migration_demo_replicated
AS test.migration_demo
ENGINE =
ReplicatedMergeTree('/clickhouse/{cluster}/test/tables/migration_demo/{shard}
', '{replica}')
PARTITION BY toYYYYMM(EventDate)
ORDER BY (CounterID, EventDate, intHash32(UserID))
```

-- Check for and stop on-going merges

```
SELECT * FROM system.processes

SELECT * FROM system.merges

SYSTEM STOP MERGES migration demo
```

Path name cannot be changed later!

Adding existing table to replication, STEP 2

-- Generate my commands to transfer parts from source to replica table

```
SELECT concat('sudo mv /var/lib/clickhouse/data/', database,
   '/migration_demo/', name, ' /var/lib/clickhouse/data/', database,
   '/migration_demo_replicated/detached') AS mv
FROM system.parts WHERE table='migration_demo' AND active
```

-- Generate ALTER TABLE commands to reattach parts to replica

```
SELECT DISTINCT
  concat('alter table migration_demo_replicated attach partition ',
  partition, ';')
FROM system.parts
WHERE (table = 'migration_demo') AND active
```

Adding existing table to replication, STEP 3

-- Detach table and move the parts over

DETACH TABLE migration demo

- 1. Run generated my commands to transfer parts to replicated table.
- 2. Run generated ALTER TABLE ATTACH PARTITION commands to add to new table.
- 3. (Optional but good to do) Ensure that parts are all properly attached.

```
SELECT * FROM system.parts WHERE table = 'migration_demo_replicated'
```

-- Reattach and drop source, then rename replica table

```
ATTACH TABLE migration_demo

DROP TABLE migration_demo

RENAME TABLE migration_demo_replicated TO migration_demo
```

-- Create replica table on remaining shards/replicas

Zookeeper Configuration

Setting up Zookeeper (quick version)

```
# apt-get install zookeeper
# echo "1" > /var/lib/zookeeper/myid
# vi /etc/zookeeper/conf/zoo.cfg # set server(s) and purge task interval
# sudo -u zookeeper /usr/share/zookeeper/bin/zkServer.sh start
```

You MUST set purge interval in zoo.cfg!! autopurge.purgeInterval=1

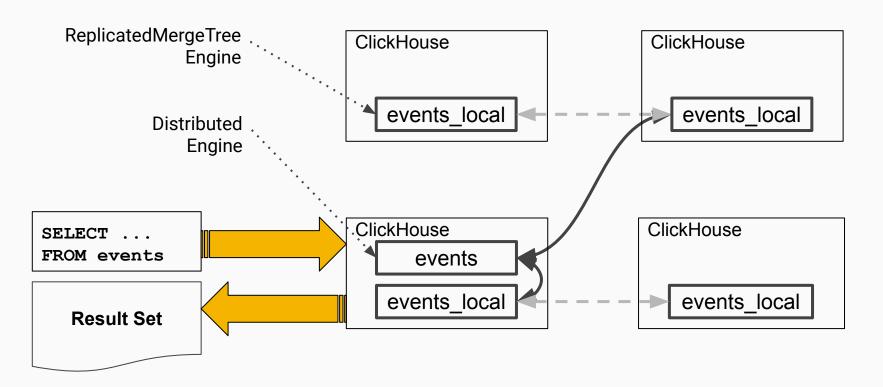
How to keep Zookeeper happy

- Install Zookeeper on separate server(s) from ClickHouse
- Store Zookeeper logs on fast storage (SSD recommended)
- Use 3 or 5 Zookeeper nodes for production installations
 - Never use 2; it's less reliable than 1 node
- Always configure autopurge (autopurge.purgeInterval=1)
- Do not share ClickHouse Zookeeper servers with other systems like Kafka
- Do not clean up Zookeeper data manually
- Use snapshots for Zookeeper backups
- Recovering dead Zookeeper clusters is a manual process--avoid it!

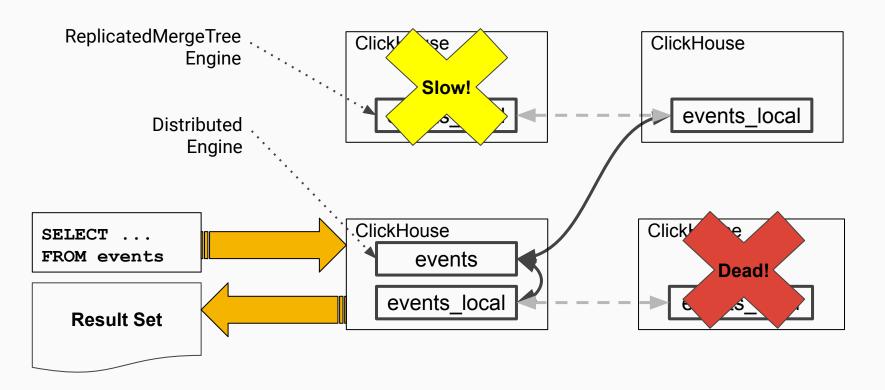
See https://clickhouse.yandex/docs/en/operations/tips/#zookeeper for more

Applying Replication and Sharding

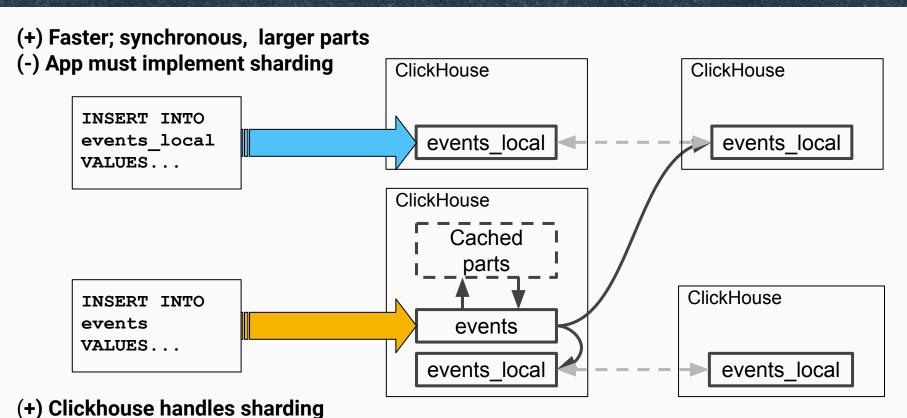
Distributed tables and SELECT



Distributed tables and SELECT

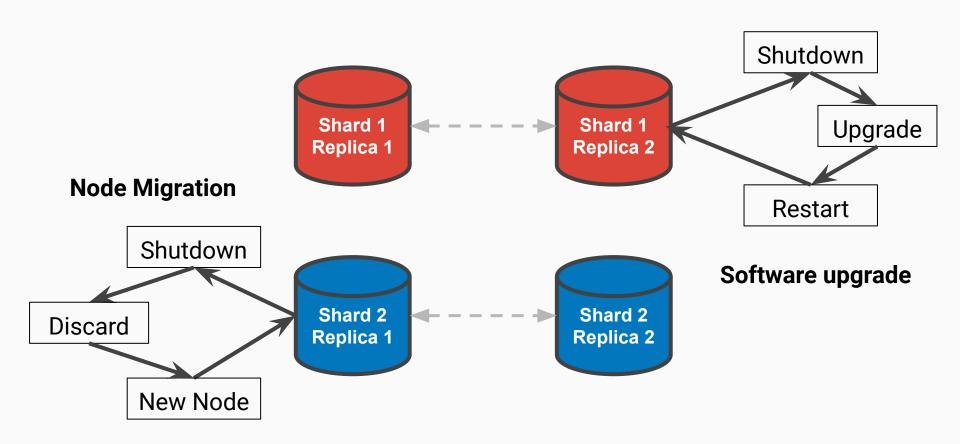


Is it better to load distributed or local tables?

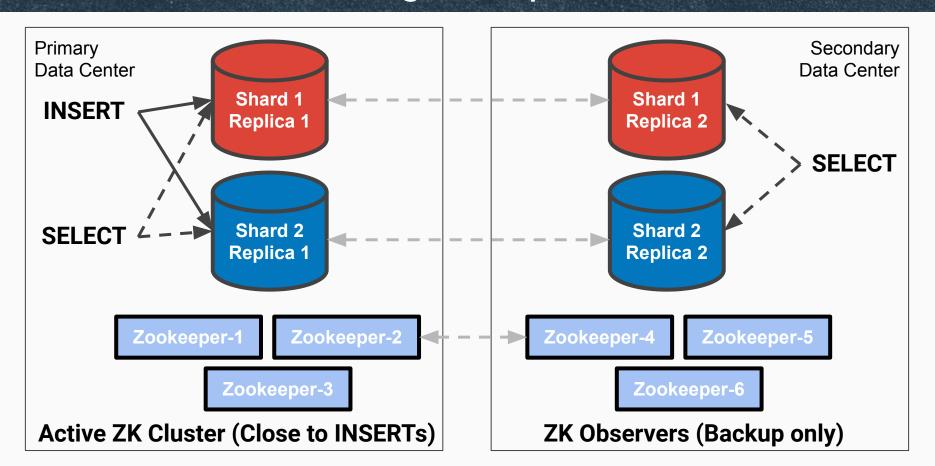


(-) Double writes of data, async insert, smaller parts

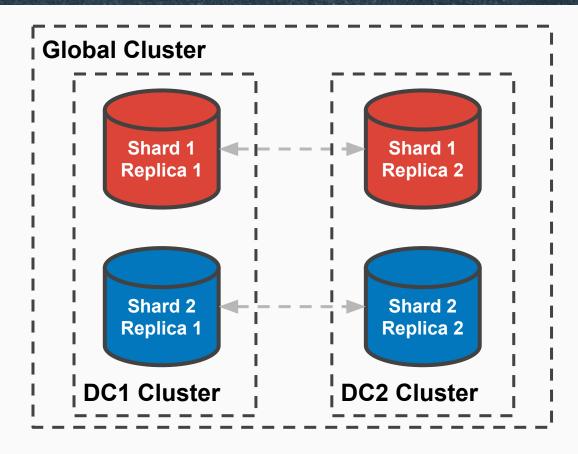
How can replication help migration/upgrade?



How does multi-region replication work?



How can I refer flexibly to sets of nodes?



Are there more tricks and strategies?

Yes! Many more!

- Layered replication
 - Replicated shards with own clusters plus a global cluster
- Cross replication
 - Multiple shards replicated between pairs of hosts
- More load balancing tricks
 - The <remote-servers> tag has a number of options for picking replicas within shards

Diagnostics and Tuning

Key system tables for distributed data

Name	Description
system.clusters	Hosts and clusters (used by Distributed engine)
system.macros	Current macro values
system.merge_tree_settings	Table engine defaults for MergeTree family
system.merges	Pending merges on MergeTree tables
system.parts	Parts belonging to MergeTree tables
system.replicas	Status of replicated tables on the server
system.settings	Settings applicable to current session
system.zookeeper	Reads data from zookeeper paths

Useful tuning parameters

MergeTree Settings

Values that affect replication and use of zookeeper

SELECT * FROM system.settings WHERE name LIKE '%replica%'

Session Settings

Values that affect distributed queries and replicated DDL

```
SELECT *
  FROM system.settings
  WHERE (name LIKE '%distributed%')
  OR (name LIKE '%replica%')
```

Remote function is handy to check data

```
SELECT * FROM
   SELECT hostName(), *
   FROM remote ('10.0.0.71', 'test', 'events local')
   UNION ALL
   SELECT hostName(), *
   FROM remote ('10.0.0.72', 'test', 'events local')
   UNION ALL
```

Conclusion

Mysteries and solutions

- Replication solves HA, scaling, and migration
- Clickhouse can handle many sharding and replication layouts ("clusters")
- Clickhouse replication works on tables
- Clickhouse replicates INSERTs as well as DDL
- Distributed tables spread load across shards
- Keep Zookeeper healthy to ensure replication health
- Do not manually change Zookeeper data

Is there a better way to manage replication?

Clickhouse Kubernetes Operator!

https://github.com/Altinity/clickhouse-operator

Thank you!

Special Offer:
Contact us for a
1-hour consultation!

Contacts: info@altinity.com

Visit us at: https://www.altinity.com

Free Consultation: https://blog.altinity.com/offer

Content Notes #1

- Replication: what and why?
 - HA (https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1045)
 - Difference between replication and sharding
 - Clusters
- Basic setup
 - Installation and configuration
 - Distributed & replicated tables https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1235
 - Adding replicas -- https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1116
 - Adding shards
- Replication Management
 - Networking & Performance -- https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1103
 - Converting non-replicated tables to replication --<u>https://docs.google.com/document/d/1w4DAVQIM8oGVmBtZx0LpFxBQ0V2DaEiOrLQqa0Qdgal/edit</u>
 - Latency on replicas -- https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1177
 - Settings related to replication https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1087
 - Deduplication and errors https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1298
 - Truncation of distributed tables -- https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1237
 - Dropping partitions -- https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1180
 - Limitations --
 - Multiple replicas on same node -- https://clickhouse.yandex/docs/en/operations/tips/#zookeeper

More stuff

- ZooKeeper
 - ZK settings https://clickhouse.yandex/docs/en/operations/tips/#zookeeper
 - ZK redundancy https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1087
 - Setup -- https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1045
 - Operational tips from Tatiana -- https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1297

С

- Advanced configurations and tricks
 - Circular replication -- https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1235,
 https://www.altinity.com/blog/2018/5/10/circular-replication-cluster-topology-in-clickhouse
 - Migration https://altinity.zendesk.com/agent/tickets/1215
 - Upgrades --
 - Multi-region replication
- Other tools you should know about:
 - Clickhouse-copier -- https://clickhouse-copier-in-practice,
 https://clickhouse.yandex/docs/en/operations/utils/clickhouse-copier/
 - https://github.com/Altinity/clickhouse-operator
 - Clickhouse-backup



INTRODUCTION TO THE MYSTERIES OF

Robert Hodges and the Altinity Engineering Team

